

$$Q35 \quad \hat{H}(r) = (r + \frac{1}{2})\hbar\omega(r) \quad n=0, \dots$$

then $\hat{f} = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{a}\hat{a}^+ + \hat{a}^+\hat{a})$ where $[\hat{a}^+, \hat{a}] = \hbar\omega \hat{I}$

and $\hat{a}(n) = \sqrt{(n+1)\hbar\omega} |n+1\rangle \quad \hat{a}^+(n) = \sqrt{n\hbar\omega} |n-1\rangle$

then $\hat{a} = (\hat{f} + i\omega\hat{x}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}}, \quad \hat{a}^+ = (\hat{f} - i\omega\hat{x}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2m}}$

we see that $\hat{p} = (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^+) \sqrt{\frac{1}{2m}}, \quad \hat{x} = \frac{(\hat{a}^+ - \hat{a})i}{\omega\sqrt{\frac{1}{2m}}}$

so $\langle r | \hat{f} | s \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2m}} \langle r | \frac{\hat{a} + \hat{a}^+}{2} | s \rangle = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar\omega}{2}} \left(\langle r | s+1 \rangle \sqrt{(s+1)\hbar\omega} + \langle r | s-1 \rangle \sqrt{s\hbar\omega} \right) = \cancel{\sqrt{\frac{\hbar\omega}{2}}} \cancel{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\delta_{r,s+1} \sqrt{r\hbar\omega} + \delta_{r,s-1} \sqrt{s\hbar\omega} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle r | \hat{x} | s \rangle &= \frac{i}{\omega} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2m}} \langle r | \frac{\hat{a}^+ - \hat{a}}{2} | s \rangle = \frac{i}{\omega} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2m}} \left(\langle r | s-1 \rangle \sqrt{s\hbar\omega} - \langle r | s+1 \rangle \sqrt{(s+1)\hbar\omega} \right) \\ &= \frac{i}{\omega} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2m}} \left(\delta_{s,r+1} \sqrt{s\hbar\omega} - \delta_{r,s+1} \sqrt{(s+1)\hbar\omega} \right). \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\hat{f}^2}{2m} = \frac{1}{4}(\hat{a} + \hat{a}^+)^2 = \frac{\hat{a}^2}{4} + \frac{\hat{a}^{+2}}{4} + \frac{\hat{a}\hat{a}^+ + \hat{a}^+\hat{a}}{4} = \left(\hat{a}^2 + \hat{a}^{+2} + 2\hat{f} \right) \frac{1}{4}$$

so $\langle r | \frac{\hat{f}^2}{2m} | s \rangle = \langle r | \frac{\hat{a}^2}{4} | s \rangle + \langle r | \frac{\hat{a}^{+2}}{4} | s \rangle + \frac{1}{2} \langle r | \hat{f} | s \rangle =$

$$= \frac{1}{4}(\hbar\omega\sqrt{(s+1)(s+2)} \langle r | s+2 \rangle + \hbar\omega\sqrt{s(s-1)} \langle r | s-2 \rangle + (2s+1)\hbar\omega \langle s | r \rangle)$$

$$= \frac{\hbar\omega}{4} \left[\sqrt{(s+1)(s+2)} \delta_{r,s+2} + \sqrt{s(s-1)} \delta_{r,s-2} + (2s+1) \delta_{rs} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2 \hat{x}^2 &= -\frac{1}{2}m \left(\frac{\hat{a}^+ - \hat{a}}{2} \right)^2 \frac{2}{m} = -\left(\frac{\hat{a}^+ - \hat{a}}{2} \right)^2 = -\frac{\hat{a}^{+2}}{4} - \frac{\hat{a}^2}{4} + \frac{\hat{a}\hat{a}^+ + \hat{a}^+\hat{a}}{4} = \\ &= -\frac{\hat{a}^{+2}}{4} - \frac{\hat{a}^2}{4} + 2 \frac{\hat{f}}{4} = -\frac{\hat{a}^{+2}}{4} - \frac{\hat{a}^2}{4} + \frac{\hbar}{2} \end{aligned}$$

so $\langle r | \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2 \hat{x}^2 | s \rangle = \frac{\hbar\omega}{4} \left[-\sqrt{r(r-1)} \delta_{r,s+2} - \sqrt{s(s-1)} \delta_{r,s-2} + (2s+1) \delta_{rs} \right]$